

# **FOR 6005 – Conservation Behavior**

**University of Florida**

**Class 27577, Section 6785**

Fall 2022

Wednesday periods 7-9; 1:55 – 4:55 p.m.

222 Newins Ziegler Hall

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Office Hours: On zoom, Tues 1-3 and on request

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Office Hours: On zoom, on request

## **Stay Healthy**

Stay informed of current Covid-19 policies. If you are experiencing COVID-19 symptoms, please use the UF Health screening system and follow the instructions on whether you should attend class. Course materials will be provided to you with an excused absence, and you will be given a reasonable amount of time to make up work.

## **Course Introduction**

Conservation behavior is becoming an increasingly important concept as natural resource managers, development officers, educators, politicians, regulators, and business leaders consider what it takes to nudge people toward sustainable behaviors. Most acknowledge that our behavior plays an important role in creating and resolving environmental challenges. This course will explore what we know about human behavior and apply it to the design of helpful education and communication tools.

A variety of disciplines have something to contribute to the field of conservation behavior. While this class will be firmly rooted in psychology, we will also explore other social sciences, such as anthropology, sociology, and communication.

While it is important to appreciate environmental issues, that is not the purpose of this course. Education and communication play essential roles in creating a sustainable future. We will explore the theoretical foundation and application of using education and communication strategies in our collective efforts to reach this goal, using original descriptions of key theories when possible. This course is geared toward those who will be conducting research on behavior change through work with the public in a variety of formal and informal settings to develop strategies that support responsible environmental behavior.

## **Course Overview:**

Link theories of human behavior and change to education and communication research and strategies designed to move toward sustainability.

## **Course Objectives:**

- Explain the models and theoretical frameworks that can be used to analyze the questions: Why do some people demonstrate environmentally responsible behaviors (ERB)? What are some psychological barriers to ERB? What

encourages the formation and adoption of ERB? Students will identify the similarities and differences among these models and become comfortable using them.

- Increase familiarity with social science research designs and goals to discuss what we can learn from theories and models and how they add value to your research.
- Explain a range of education and communication strategies and identify the underlying theoretical assumptions about human behavior.
- Examine current programs that are working toward sustainability by identifying how the programs address change, the behaviors that are targeted, the strategies that are used, and the theoretical frameworks/assumptions that might drive the programs.
- Explore your own ideas and experiences regarding personal behavior change and develop a composite model of what you think works to support behavior change in a target audience.

### **Required Readings:**

There is a pile of reading materials for this course. It is imperative that you read the materials before class, as much of our class time will be spent discussing the readings. The readings are available on electronic reserve at <https://ares.uflib.ufl.edu/ares/> and there is a link to them in the Canvas course at <https://elearning.ufl.edu>. Access from off campus is through the UF VPN client. For more information on downloading, installing and using the VPN client, please go to <http://www.uflib.ufl.edu/login/vpn.html>. For general information on course reserves, please contact the Course Reserves Unit at 352-273-2520, or email at [eres@uflib.ufl.edu](mailto:eres@uflib.ufl.edu).

To find readings, please use the tags. Required readings are tagged by the week they should be read (i.e., Week 3). Loads of goodies are tagged Optional and Background.

## **Course Policies**

### Participation

This course depends on active student engagement. You will read and discuss a number of models and research studies that contribute to our understanding of conservation behavior. The workload is heavy on theory and thinking in the first half of the course to give you a practical, working knowledge of this literature. The time you spend on reading probably correlates to your ability to engage in productive discussion and the amount you learn about each theory.

Students are expected to attend class, engage in discussion, submit assignments on time, and participate in group work. Absences will be excused if accompanied by advanced notice or appropriate paperwork. Non-excused absences will result in a deduction of .5 points from the participation score per week. Assignments should be uploaded to Canvas by midnight (Eastern time) on the day they are due. Late assignments will be deducted by .5 per day unless prior arrangements for an extension are made. If you are unable to

attend class meetings, you are expected to obtain notes from another student. All this may be modified if the class decides to move to an online format.

### Diversity and Inclusion

As we work to recognize the opportunities and limits of privilege and change the outcomes of systemic injustice in the United States, it is important that we create a safe environment in this class to explore sensitive topics and help each other grow in our ability to respect all people and help them thrive. We can begin to do so by using inclusive and preferred language, acknowledging assumptions, considering the consequences and limitations of research findings, and seeking research that challenges the status quo.

### Academic Honesty

UF students are bound by The Honor Pledge which states, “We, the members of the University of Florida community, pledge to hold ourselves and our peers to the highest standards of honor and integrity.” On all work submitted for credit by students at the University of Florida, the following pledge is either required or implied: “On my honor, I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid in doing this assignment.” The Honor Code (<http://www.dso.ufl.edu/sccr/process/student-conduct-honorcode/>) specifies a number of behaviors that are in violation of this code and the possible sanctions. Furthermore, you are obligated to report any condition that facilitates academic misconduct to appropriate personnel. If you have any questions or concerns, please consult with the instructor or TAs in this class. Please also refer to the UF guidelines on plagiarism at <http://web.uflib.ufl.edu/msl/07b/instructorplagiarism.html> and plan on avoiding all types of plagiarism: stealing, misquoting, insufficient paraphrasing, and duplication.

### Technology

For issues with technical difficulties for e-learning in Canvas, please post your question to the Technical Help Discussion in your course, or contact the UF Help Desk at:

- [Learning-support@ufl.edu](mailto:Learning-support@ufl.edu) | (352) 392-HELP - select option 2 | <http://elearning.ufl.edu>
- Library Help Desk support <http://cms.uflib.ufl.edu/ask>
- SFRC Academic Hub <https://ufl.instructure.com/courses/303721>

Computer or other hardware failures, except failure of the UF e-Learning system, will not excuse students for missing assignments. Any late submissions due to technical issues MUST be accompanied by the ticket number received from the Helpdesk when the problem was reported to them. The ticket number will document the time and date of the problem. You MUST e-mail your instructor within 24 hours of the technical difficulty if you wish to request consideration.

### Class Recordings

Students are allowed to record video or audio of class lectures. However, the purposes for which these recordings may be used are strictly controlled. The only allowable purposes are (1) for personal educational use, (2) in connection with a complaint to the university, or (3) as evidence in, or in preparation for, a criminal or civil proceeding. All other

purposes are prohibited. Specifically, students may not publish recorded lectures without the written consent of the instructor.

A “class lecture” is an educational presentation intended to inform or teach enrolled students about a particular subject, including any instructor-led discussions that form part of the presentation, and delivered by any instructor hired or appointed by the University, or by a guest instructor, as part of a University of Florida course. A class lecture does not include lab sessions, student presentations, clinical presentations such as patient history, academic exercises involving solely student participation, assessments (quizzes, tests, exams), field trips, private conversations between students in the class or between a student and the faculty or lecturer during a class session.

Publication without permission of the instructor is prohibited. To “publish” means to share, transmit, circulate, distribute, or provide access to a recording, regardless of format or medium, to another person (or persons), including but not limited to another student within the same class section. Additionally, a recording, or transcript of a recording, is considered published if it is posted on or uploaded to, in whole or in part, any media platform, including but not limited to social media, book, magazine, newspaper, leaflet, or third party note/tutoring services. A student who publishes a recording without written consent may be subject to a civil cause of action instituted by a person injured by the publication and/or discipline under UF Regulation 4.040 Student Honor Code and Student Conduct Code.

#### UF Campus Resources

Resources are available on campus for students having concerns or challenges related to their personal life, their academic progress, or their future that might interfere with their academic performance. These resources include:

Health and Wellness U Matter, We Care: If you or a friend is in distress, please contact [umatter@ufl.edu](mailto:umatter@ufl.edu) or 352 3921575 so that a team member can reach out to the student.

Counseling and Wellness Center: <http://www.counseling.ufl.edu/cwc/Default.aspx>, 392-1575; and the University Police Department: 392-1111 or 9-1-1 for emergencies. Sexual Assault Recovery Services (SARS) Student Health Care Center, 392-1161.

University Police Department, 392-1111 (or 9-1-1 for emergencies).  
<http://www.police.ufl.edu/>

Academic Resources E-learning technical support, 352-392-4357 (select option 2) or e-mail to [Learningsupport@ufl.edu](mailto:Learningsupport@ufl.edu). <https://lss.at.ufl.edu/help.shtml>.

Career Resource Center, Reitz Union, 392-1601. Career assistance and counseling.  
<http://www.crc.ufl.edu/>

Library Support, <http://cms.uflib.ufl.edu/ask>. Various ways to receive assistance with respect to using the libraries or finding resources.

Teaching Center, Broward Hall, 392-2010 or 392-6420. General study skills and tutoring.  
<http://teachingcenter.ufl.edu/>

Writing Studio, 302 Tigert Hall, 846-1138. Help brainstorming, formatting, and writing papers. <http://writing.ufl.edu/writing-studio/>

Student Complaints Campus:

[https://www.dso.ufl.edu/documents/UF\\_Complaints\\_policy.pdf](https://www.dso.ufl.edu/documents/UF_Complaints_policy.pdf)

On-Line Students Complaints: <http://www.distance.ufl.edu/student-complaintprocess>

### Software Use

All faculty, staff, and students of the University are required and expected to obey the laws and legal agreements governing software use. Failure to do so can lead to monetary damages and/or criminal penalties for the individual violator. Because such violations are also against University policies and rules, disciplinary action will be taken as appropriate.

### Disabilities

The Disability Resource Center coordinates the needed accommodations of students with disabilities. This includes registering disabilities, recommending academic accommodations within the classroom, accessing special adaptive computer equipment, providing interpretation services and mediating faculty-student disability related issues. Students requesting classroom accommodation must first register with the Dean of Students Office. The Dean of Students Office will provide documentation to the student who must then provide this documentation to the instructor when requesting accommodation. 0001 Reid Hall, 352-392-8565, [www.dso.ufl.edu/drc/](http://www.dso.ufl.edu/drc/)

Students with disabilities have an equal right to use and benefit from resources at the George A. Smathers Libraries, including (but not limited to) Course Reserves materials. To ensure this right, students with disabilities:

- Have the responsibility to identify themselves as needing appropriate, reasonable accommodations for their disabilities
- Have the responsibility for making their needs known in a timely manner
- Have the same obligation as any library user to comply with library policies and procedures

The George A. Smathers Libraries Course Reserves Unit will work with patrons needing assistance or accommodations to access course reserves materials. Please contact the Course Reserves Unit at [352-273-2520](tel:352-273-2520), or email at [eres@uflib.ufl.edu](mailto:eres@uflib.ufl.edu) for information or assistance. We also encourage students to contact and register with the [University of Florida Disability Resource Center](#) at [352-392-8565](tel:352-392-8565) or at [accessuf@dso.ufl.edu](mailto:accessuf@dso.ufl.edu).

Our website provides additional information for you and students at <https://accesssupport.uflib.ufl.edu/course-reserves/>

## Course Evaluation

At the end of the semester, students are expected to provide professional and respectful feedback on the quality of instruction in this course by completing course evaluations online via GatorEvals. Guidance on how to give feedback in a professional and respectful manner is available at <https://gatorevals.aa.ufl.edu/students/>. Students will be notified when the evaluation period opens, and can complete evaluations through the email they receive from GatorEvals, in their Canvas course menu under GatorEvals, or via <https://ufl.bluera.com/ufl/>. Summaries of course evaluation results are available to students at <https://gatorevals.aa.ufl.edu/public-results/>.

## Grades

Your grade will be determined from the level and frequency of participation, presentations, attendance, and 8 assignments that total 100 points. The following scale will be used:

### Grading Scale

A	3.67 – 4.00	93 – 100%	C	1.67 – 1.99	73 – 76%
A-	3.33 – 3.66	90 – 92%	C-	1.33 – 1.66	70 – 72%
B+	3.00 – 3.32	87 – 89%	D+	1.00 – 1.32	67 – 69%
B	2.67 – 2.99	83 – 86%	D	0.67 – 0.99	63 – 66%
B-	2.33 – 2.66	80 – 82%	D-	0.33 – 0.66	60 – 62%
C+	2.00 – 2.32	77 – 79%	E	0.00 – 0.32	59% or below

## Course Schedule

**Aug 24**

### **Wk 1. Introduction, General Framework, Getting Started**

Assignments and Comparison Chart  
Thinking behind the course design  
Discuss ideas for personal habitual behavior changes

## Section 1: Exploring Theories

**Aug 31**

### **Wk 2. Intuitive and traditional models of human behavior**

Due: Assignment 1: Post your barriers and motives for personal behavior. Pick a Behavior Buddy to stay in touch with.  
Every week: Comparison Chart and Behavior Update

Kibert, C., M. Monroe, A. Peterson, R. Plate, L. Thiele. 2012. Portion of chapter 8: Improving our thinking about sustainability, from *Working toward Sustainability: Ethical decision making in a technological world*. NY: John Wiley & Sons, pages 209-222.

Schultz, P. Wesley. 2002. Knowledge, Information, and Household Recycling: Examining the knowledge-deficit model of behavior change. In Dietz, Thomas and Paul

C. Stern (eds) *New Tools for environmental protection: Education, information, and voluntary measures*. Washington DC: National Academy Press, Pages 67-82.

Kappel, K., & Holmen, S. J. (2019). Why Science Communication, and Does It Work? A Taxonomy of Science Communication Aims and a Survey of the Empirical Evidence. *Frontiers in Communication*, 4(October), 1–12.

<https://doi.org/10.3389/fcomm.2019.00055>

For more background: Bucchi, Massimiano. 2008. Of deficits, deviations, and dialogues: Theories of public communication of science, in Bucchi, M. and Trench, B. (eds.) *Handbook of Public Communication of Science and Technology*. London: Routledge, pages 57-76.

### **Sept 7            Wk 3. Motives, values, attitudes and behavior change**

Due: Assignment 2a

De Young, Raymond. 2000. Expanding and evaluating motives for environmentally responsible behavior. *Journal of Social Issues*. 56 (3): 509-526.

Ryan, R. M. and E. L. Deci. 2000. Self-determination Theory and the Facilitation of Intrinsic Motivation, Social Development, and Well-Being. *American Psychologist*. 55(1): 68-78.

Aronson, E. 1997. Back to the future: Retrospective review of Leon Festinger's A Theory of Cognitive Dissonance. *American Journal of Psychology*. 110 (1): 127-137

Dietz, T., A. Fitzgerald, and R. Shwom. 2005. Environmental Values. *Annual Review of Environment and Resources* 30:335-372. Just skim this one.

Ed Deci video on motivation

Dan Ariely video on motivation

### **Sept 14            Wk 4. Perceptions: hope, identity, optimism and connection to nature**

Due: Assignment 2b

Clayton, S. 2003. Environmental identity: A conceptual and an operational definition. In Clayton, S. and S. Opatow. 2003. *Identity and the Natural Environment*. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press. Pages 45-65.

Snyder, C.R., Rand, K. L., and Sigmon, D.R. 2001. Hope theory. A member of the positive psychology family. In *Handbook of positive psychology*, ed. C.R. Snyder and S.J. Lopez, 257-75. New York, NY: Oxford University Press.

Whitburn, J., W. Linklater, and W. Abrahamse. 2019. Meta-analysis of human connection to nature and proenvironmental behavior. *Conservation Biology*, 34(1): 180-193.

**Sept 21      Wk 5. Major models of behavior from psychology**

Due: Assignment 3a

Ajzen, I. 1985. From intentions to actions: A theory of planned behavior. In Kuhl, J. and J. Beckman (eds) *Action-control: From cognition to behavior*. Heidelberg: Springer, pp 11-39.

Stern, Paul C. 2000. Toward a coherent theory of environmentally significant behavior. *Journal of Social Issues*. 56 (3): 407-424.

**Sept 28      Wk 6. Major models influencing behavior from communication**

Due: Assignment 3b

Petty, Richard E. and Joseph R. Priester. 1994. Mass Media Attitude Change: Implications of the Elaboration Likelihood model of persuasion. In Bryant, Jennings and Dolf Zillmann, *Media Effects: Advances in theory and research*. Hillsdale NJ: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates. Pages 91-122.

Rogers, Everett. M. 2003. *Diffusion of Innovations*. Fifth edition New York: Free Press. Chapter 1.

**Oct 5            Wk 7. Social Marketing**

De Young, R. 1993. Changing behavior and making it stick: The conceptualization and management of conservation behavior. *Environment and Behavior* 25, 485-505.

McKenzie-Mohr, D. and P. W. Schultz. 2014. Choosing Effective Behavior Change Tools. *Social Marketing Quarterly*, 20(1): 35-46.

Verissimo, D., A. Bianchessi, A. Arrivillaga, F. C. Cadiz, R. Mancao, and K. Green. 2018. Does it work for biodiversity? Experiences and challenges in the evaluation of social marketing campaigns. *Social Marketing Quarterly*, 24(1): 18-34.

**And:** Use the Community-based Social Marketing website (cbsm.com) to explore examples for social marketing tools or read his book: *Fostering Sustainable Behavior* by Doug McKenzie-Mohr



## **Oct 12            Wk 8. Presentations and Review (Assignment 5)**

Upload presentations and handouts by midnight Sunday October 9, though you can upload it any time prior to this, of course. Instead of class on Wednesday, watch all the presentations on Voice Thread and comment on them in Canvas. This reading provides an overview of many of our theories:

Vining, Joanne and Angela Ebreo. 2002. Emerging theoretical and methodological perspectives on conservation behavior. In Bechtel, Robert and Arza Churchman (eds) *Handbook of Environmental Psychology*. New York: John Wiley, 541-558.

## **Section 2: Apply Theories**

### **Oct 19            Wk 9. Critique and Expansion of Social Marketing**

We will discuss your mid-term Application Exercise (Assignment 6) as we expand social marketing ideas.

Byerly, H., A. Balmford, P. J. Ferraro, C. H. Wagner, E. Palchak, S. Polasky, T. H. Ricketts, A. J. Schwartz, and B. Fisher. 2018. Nudging pro-environmental behavior: evidence and opportunities. *Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment*, 16(3): 159-168.

Geller, Scott. 2002. Chapter 34: The challenge of increasing proenvironment behavior. In Bechtel, Robert and Arza Churchman (eds) *Handbook of Environmental Psychology*.

Jugert, P., Greenaway, K. H., Barth, M., Büchner, R., Eisentraut, S., & Fritsche, I. (2016). Collective efficacy increases pro-environmental intentions through increasing self-efficacy. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 48, 12-23. doi:10.1016/j.jenvp.2016.08.003

### **Oct 26            Wk 10. Nudge – the government’s version of social marketing?**

Assignment 4a is due

Thaler, R. H. and C. R. Sunstein. 2003. Libertarian Paternalism. *The American Economic Review*. 93(2): 175-179.

Van der Heijden, Jeroen and Kusters, Mark. 2015. From mechanism to virtue: evaluating Nudge-theory. *RegNet Working Papers* No. 80. Regulatory Institutions Network. <http://ssrn.com/abstract=2620082>.

Saghai, Y. 2013. Salvaging the concept of nudge. *Journal of Medical Ethics*, 39: 487-493. Doi:10.1136/medethics-2012-100727.

Videos: Nudge

**Nov 2            Wk 11. Discuss your cases (Assignment 7)**

Bring your posters to class. To accompany your cases, we have just a few readings that may shed light on these real world examples.

Weick, Karl E. 1984. Small Wins: Redefining the scale of social problems. *American Psychologist*, 39 (1): 40-49.

Kahan, D. 2010. Fixing the communications failure. *Nature*. 463: 296-297.

**Section 3: Broaden Application**

**Nov 9            Wk 12. Moral and worldview contributions to behavior**

Assignment 4b is due

Graham, J., Haidt, J., Koleva, S., Motyl, M., Iyer, R., Wojcik, S. P., Ditto, P. H. 2013. Moral Foundations Theory: The pragmatic validity of moral pluralism. In P Deving and A. Plant (eds) *Advances in Experimental Social Psychology*, Vol. 47. Burlington VT: Academic Press, 55-130. (The long version)

Feinberg, M. and R. Willer. 2013. The moral roots of environmental attitudes. *Psychological Sciences*, 24(1): 56-62.

Wolsko, C., H. Ariceaga, and J. Seiden. 2016. Red, white and blue enough to be green: Effects of moral framing on climate change attitudes and conservation behaviors. *Journal of Experimental Social Psychology*, 65: 7-19.

Optional: Haidt, Jonathan. 2001. The emotional dog and its rational tail: a social intuitionist approach to moral judgment. *Psychological Review*, 108:4, 814-834.

Haidt, Jonathan. 2007. The new synthesis in moral psychology. *Science*. 316: 998-1001. (The short version). Even shorter: [Haidt's Moral Foundations Theory: The 6 Foundations | Shortform Books](#)

Videos: Haidt

**Nov 16            Wk 13. Change at the Community Level**

Assignment 4c is due

Muro, M. and P. Jeffrey. 2008. A critical review of the theory and application of social learning in participatory natural resource management processes. *Journal of environmental planning and management*. 51(3): 325-344.

Gastil, J., Knobloch, K. R., Kahan, D., & Braman, D. (2016). Participatory Policymaking Across Cultural Cognitive Divides: Two Tests of Cultural Biasing in Public Forum Design and Deliberation. *Public Administration*, 94(4), 970–987.

Romsdahl, R.J. Deliberative framing: opening up discussions for local-level public engagement on climate change. *Climatic Change* 162, 145–163 (2020).  
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-020-02754-x>

Colvin, R. M., G. B. Witt, and J. Lacey. 2015. The social identity approach to understanding socio-political conflict in environmental and natural resources management. *Global Environmental Change*, 34: 237-246.

Optional: Chase, Sarah K. and Arielle Levine. 2018. Citizen science: Exploring the potential of natural resource monitoring programs to influence environmental attitudes and behaviors. *Conservation Letters*, 11(2): 1-10.

**Nov 23          No Class          Thanksgiving Break**

## **Section 4: Synthesis**

**Nov 30          Wk 14. Ramping Up Behavior Change**

Kollmus, A. and J. Agyeman. 2002. Mind the gap: Why do people act environmentally and what are the barriers to pro-environmental behavior? *Environmental Education Research* 8 (3): 239-260.

Crompton, T. 2008. *Weathercocks and Signposts: The environment movement at a crossroads. A report of the WWF-UK's Strategies for Change Project*. Surrey, UK: WWF.

**Dec 7          Wk 15. Putting it All Together**

### **Assignment 8 due.**

Submit your synthesis paper and model. Present your experiences with your Behavior Buddies to compare what worked and why to change your behavior. Organize a joint model with others who have selected a similar set of theories, discuss and draw a model. Present on your joint model.

## **Assignments**

**1. Barriers and motives for personal behavior          Aug 31          5 points**

Throughout this semester you will use readings and class discussions to change a personal behavior that you select. To give yourself the most fodder for contemplation,

please select a behavior that you do frequently that relates to food, transportation, consumption, waste reduction, or energy.

For this first assignment, you will 1) define the behavior you wish to change, 2) explain why you think this is an important behavior to change, 3) explain why you haven't changed it yet, 4) describe the barriers you experience to making this change, 5) describe your motivations for wanting to change it, and 6) develop a plan to record your efforts and results. Aim for 2 pages, single spaced.

Then, throughout the semester you will keep a journal that records your attempts and measures your success, try different strategies to adopt a new behavior, discuss your efforts with "behavior buddy" and analyze your efforts in the context of the theories we discuss in this course. Aim to record evidence of your attempts, in addition to your thoughts about your behavior, and to reflect on your progress with your Behavior Buddy periodically during class.

### **2, 3, and 4. Three research articles on theories**

**10 points each**

For each assignment, select one theory/paper from class that you are interested in and find a **research-based article** that explores this theory with a topic of interest to you. Please avoid any assigned reading for the course (you will have to check ahead in the syllabus). Read the article, write a 1-2 page paper in which you summarize the findings and reflect on the theory you selected, and come to class prepared to discuss how the theory we read has or has not worked in this case. Submit your paper on the day we discuss the theory.

- **Assignment 2:** If you select Cognitive Dissonance, motives, or any of the theories listed in the Dietz review, or Self Determination this is due Sept 7. If you select hope, or connection to nature, it is due Sept 14.
- **Assignment 3:** Use TPB or Stern's Coherent Theory for a paper due Sept 21, or use ELM or Diffusion for a paper due Sept 28.
- **Assignment 4:** Use Nudge for a paper due October 26; Moral Foundations (Haidt) for a paper due Nov 9, or social identity, social learning, or deliberation for a paper due Nov 16. You have three choices this time!

Please note that these authors have written about many things – aim to find articles that reference these theories. In addition, some authors talk about someone else's theory – please hunt for research articles that **test and explore the theory**. To find cited works, go to [www.uflib.ufl.edu](http://www.uflib.ufl.edu) and follow these steps: Click on Find, then Databases, then Project Starters and Databases, scroll down to Web of Science, and click on Cited Reference Search. Type in the Author and Year of the work whose citations you are seeking – this is the Cited Author. Note the variety of ways the same paper may be listed. Pick the one that has the most citations and click on the number of citations to bring up those papers. Read the abstracts to find the best one for this assignment.

### **5. Present another behavior change theory**

**Oct 9, 12**

**10 pts**

Using Vining's overview of behavior change theories (and others), identify one that we have not yet covered and become an expert on it. You may work in pairs on this

assignment if you wish. You will explain the theory (finding a good explanation in the literature; some are in course reserves), find at least one article per person that use the theory, and explain it, too. Some may not have been applied to conservation topics yet. What can we learn from these authors? Prepare a 1-2 page handout for the class to accompany your short (5-10 minute) ppt presentation that will help everyone complete their Comparison Charts. Upload your handout and presentation to Voice Thread by Sunday October 9 and narrate the presentation in Voice Thread. Comment on others' theories and ask questions by Oct 12. Respond to all comments and questions in Canvas by Friday October 14.

Bandura	Self efficacy and outcome expectancy
Brehm and Brehm	Reactance
Chawla	Significant Life Experience
Fazio	Attitudes and Behavior
Hungerford and Volk	Environmental Citizen Model (see Hines)
Kahneman and Tversky	Decision Heuristics
Kaiser and Shimoda	Personal Responsibility
Kals, Schumacher, Montada	Emotional Affinity
Kaplan and Kaplan	Reasonable Person Model
Krasny	Civic Ecology Education
Millar and Millar	Direct Experience, Information
Pretty; Adler & Kwon	Social Capital
Prochaska	Stages of Change
Sansone	Self Regulation
Schwartz	Norm Activation
Seguin & Pelletier	Environmental activism
Tuan	Sense of Place (see Jorgensen and Stedman)

**6. Application of Theories Oct 26 5 points**

Complete a “take home quiz” that asks you to apply these theories to potential survey questions. Submit your responses prior to class, and we will discuss on October 26. You’ll be able to submit a revised version and new reflections after class discussion.

**7. Case study of a program/project Nov 2 15 points**

Identify a program or project that is designed to encourage people to engage in or change environmental behavior. Create a poster that describes the program, critiques the degree to which the program is successful, and suggests which theories are or are not working. Print the poster (on-campus printers are cheap, but busy) and bring to class! We’ll discuss similarities, differences, and the ways theories could have been more helpful on Wednesday.

**8. Reflection & Model of Personal Behavior Change Dec 7 15 points**

Throughout the semester you have worked on changing a personal behavior that you selected. Return to your first assignment and reflect on your initial ideas about motivations and barriers. Review your journal that noted your attempts to alter your behavior and the evidence of your effort. Reflect on what worked and why. What

incentives did you try? Did commitment work? To what extent is perceived control or subjective norm a relevant factor? Summarize your experience in the language we used in the course (identifying variables, barriers, theories, etc.) in about 2 single spaced pages.

Then, using what did or did not work for you, develop and describe an all-encompassing synthesis model that explains your behavior change using at least four of the theories and models that resonate most strongly with your experience. You should consider and define the context in which this model might hold true – all behaviors, just personal behavior, just public behavior; any behavior or only self-selected behaviors; only when motivated by a class assignment, with peer support, etc. Then describe how you could use this model to design communication or education programs to change other people's personal behaviors. The model description should be about 3-4 pages, and a diagram could be very useful.

**Participation points from participation, questions, attendance                      20 points**

Asking questions, providing answers, facilitating conversation, attending class, and engaging in small group work are important components of this class. Points will be based on quality of participation in discussion.

**Specific theories and papers to help with Assignment 5**

Adler, P. S. and S-W Kwon. 2002. Social Capital: Prospects for a new concept. *The Academy of Management Review*. 27(1): 17-40.

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